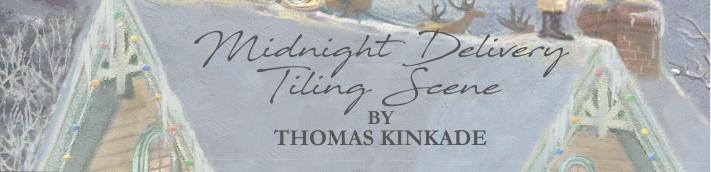


Collection No. 80375 1 Design/36 Files Project instructions included









MATERIALS



Isacord Thread Colors

0933 Redwood 0934 Fawn

4752 Vintage Blue

5100 Green

0020 Black 1362 Shrimp 1521 Flamingo 0131 Smoke 0138 Heavy Storm 1526 Apple Butter 0170 Sea Shell 1805 Strawberry 0520 Daffodil 2011 Fire Engine 0532 Champagne 2113 Cranberry 0608 Sunshine 2674 Steel 0771 Rattan 3572 Summer Grey 0776 Sage 3750 Winter Frost 0821 Honey Gold 3853 Ash Blue 0862 Wild Rice 3900 Cerulean 0932 Nutmeg 4071 Glacier Green

Note: One spool of 1000 meter thread is adequate for the project unless otherwise noted.

MATERIALS



- OESD Heavy Weight TearAway 15" (2 rolls)
- OESD Fusible Woven 15" (2 rolls)

Fabrics/Textiles

- 3 1/2 yards of blue cotton fabric
- Batting 30" x 42"
- Backing 1 yard
- Binding 1/3 yard, cut 4 strips width of fabric x 2 1/2" strips, stitch together at 45° angle to create one long strip

Note: Fabric yardage is based on a 10" x 15" hooping. Fabric and stabilizer amounts may vary depending on hoop size and number of tiles per hooping.

Notion & Tools

- **OESD Expert Point and Press Tool**
- OESD Perfect Embroidery Press Cloth
- OESD Grippy Grid
- 505 Temporary Spray Adhesive
- Ruler, rotary cutter, mat
- Contrasting bobbin thread (seam stitch only, may be different colors)
- Fabric marking pen
- Walking foot or Dual feed foot
- Embroidery Needle Sharp 75/11

sacord Thread Colors

Per thread chart

SUMMARY





Completed Size: 25" x 38"

EMBROIDERY O



General Instructions

Embroider one of each design file 80375-01 through 80375-36.

For each hooping, cut the following 10" x 15", or large enough to hoop:

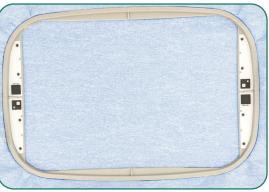
- 1 layer of Fusible Woven
- · 2 layers of Heavy Weight TearAway
- 1 layer of background fabric

Note: To economize on fabric, cut the fabric 15'' wide (or the height of the hoop + 2'') x the width of the fabric. Apply the stabilizers. Move the hoop down the length of the fabric as each block is stitched. Leave a minimum of 1.5'' between the blocks.

Step 1

- Apply Fusible Woven to the wrong side of the background fabric, per the product directions.
- Apply two layers of Heavy Weight TearAway to the wrong side of the background fabric with temporary spray adhesive.
- Hoop fabric and stabilizer.





EMBROIDERY OPSI



Step 2

- For each tile, stitch the colors per the thread chart.
- The last color change in each block is called "Seam". This line is the guide when trimming and stitching the tiles together and needs to be highly visible on the back side of the tile. The suggested color in the thread chart will best match the majority of the thread in the block. Follow the thread chart for each machine step.
- For the bobbin, use a color that contrasts sharply with the back of the tile.
- Note: Since the bobbin color doesn't have to be the same on each tile, this is a great time to use up partially wound bobbins.



Step 3

- After embroidery is complete, press each block face down on a Perfect Embroidery Press Cloth.
- Write the number of the block on the back so it is easily identified during construction!
 Use a pen or pencil that will not bleed through to the front side.

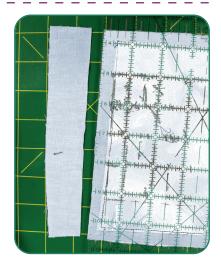




Step 4

- · At the cutting mat, place the block right side down.
- Identify the "seam" stitch line. Trim 1/2" inch out from the seam stitch line, on all four sides, to create the seam allowance.

Note: Accuracy here will greatly facilitate the construction of the scene.



Step 5

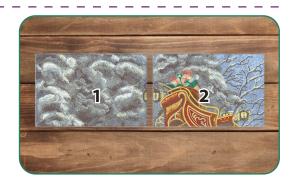
· Arrange the tiles in the layout for the scene.





Step 6

- Stitch two adjacent tiles, right sides together; matching the short left and right sides together. Align the matching edges and stitch just inside of the seam line.
- Repeat until all the blocks have been paired.



Step 7

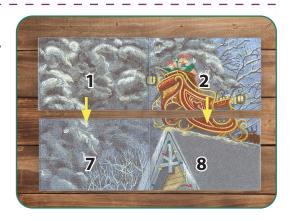
- Press each seam open.
- If the seams or major points of matching do not match up, try stitching that part first. Check for accuracy.
 - Note: If the seams do not come apart easily, press both seam allowances to one side using steam and a cotton or linen setting.
- While warm, open the seam allowance with the large ball of the Expert Point and Press Tool.
- Press again and allow to cool.
- Once cool, remove the excess stabilizer in the seam allowance.
- Do not remove excess stabilizer from inside the seam line.





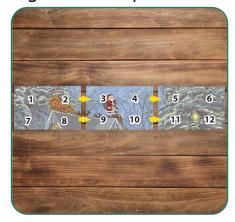
Step 8

- · Lay out the pressed tiles.
- Pair the tiles in groups of 4, connecting upper rows to the rows below.
- · Align the center seams.
- Stitch just inside the seam line connecting all four blocks. Press seams open.
 Repeat for remaining pairs of tiles.



Step 9

Finish connecting the units of tiles to the ones beside. Press and remove stabilizer from the seam allowances. Then continue the stitch the rows together and press until the scene is complete.









Step 10

- Cut batting and backing at least 2" larger than the tiling scene.
- Layer the backing (right side down), batting, and center the tiling scene (right side up).
- Spray baste all 3 layers with temporary spray adhesive.



Step 11

- Load the sewing machine with a thread color that blends with the scene or invisible thread.
- Stitch in the ditch where the tiles connect to attach the batting and backing to the top. For best results use a walking foot or a dual feed foot.
- Trim 1/4" from the seam line of the tiling scene through all three layers to square up the finished scene. Zigzag over the raw edges to join the edges together.



Step 12

Bind as desired.

